

Waco Morning News

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WACO, TEXAS. MONDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1915.

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AMERICAN STEAMER SUNK BY MINE IN NORTH SEA

First Vessel of Western Hemisphere to Meet With Disaster as Result of Warfare of European Nations—Crew of Twenty-five Rescued—Irish Coaster a Victim.

BOATS FLYING ITALIAN FLAG ARE FIRED UPON

Report Says Austrian Destroyers Made Attack While Vessel Is Anchored and Aeroplanes Drop Bombs, One Boat Being Slightly Damaged—Excitement in Rome—Mine Near Nieuport.

London, Feb. 21.—The American steamer Evelyn, from New York January 23, with cotton for Bremen, struck a mine off Borkum Island in the North Sea yesterday and sank. The captain and twenty-seven of the crew were saved. The nationality of the mine has not been learned.

The Evelyn is the first American vessel to meet with disaster as a result of the sea warfare of the European nations. She did not sink within the war zone included in the German admiralty's decree of February 4, which went into effect on Thursday. Borkum Island lies directly off the German coast at the mouth of the Ems river and is German territory.

Maritime records give the complement of the Evelyn at 25 men, so that it is probable that all on board the vessel were rescued.

The Evelyn was a single screw steel ship and was commanded by Captain Smith. She belonged to A. E. Bull and company of New York and was chartered by the Harris-Irby Cotton company to take a cargo of cotton to Bremen. She was 252 feet long and 1,185 tons net. She was built in Southampton, England, in 1883. Her home port was Philadelphia.

The Evelyn was last reported as arriving at Rotterdam on February 17.

IRISH COASTER SUNK.

London, Feb. 21.—The small Irish coaster Tamer Downshire was sunk last night by a German submarine off Calf of Man, an island in the Irish Sea. The Germans gave the crew five minutes in which to leave their ship. The crew landed last night at Dundrum, County Down, Ireland.

ITALIAN BOATS FIRED UPON.

Bari, Italy, via Rome, Feb. 21.—The fishing boat Gesu arrived today from Antivari, Montenegro, and the members of her crew said that the Gesu and the fishing boat Saturno, when flying the Italian flags, had been fired upon by two Austrian torpedo boats. This report has caused great popular excitement in Rome.

Members of the crew of the Gesu said that the vessel was anchored near Antivari with the Saturno when the Austrian torpedo boats approached. The captains of the fishing vessels ordered their crews to land and at the same time hoisted Italian flags.

The Austrians, according to this report, fired on the crews and then on the vessels, while Austrian aeroplanes dropped bombs.

No one on either vessel was injured, but the Saturno was damaged so badly that she was unable to sail for home.

MINES NEAR NIEUPORT.

Berlin, Feb. 21.—The war office announcement today says: "Near Nieport an enemy ship, probably a mine searching vessel, touched a mine and sank. Enemy destroyers disappeared when shelled."

BRYAN GETS REPORT.

Washington, Feb. 21.—Secretary Bryan announced the receipt of a telegram tonight from the American consul at Bremen reporting "the loss" of the American steamer Evelyn. The cause was not stated. The crew was saved.

American Consul Fee's telegram as

given out by the state department was as follows:

"Steamer Evelyn, Captain Smith, Agents Bull and company, New York, blown up early Friday at Borkum. Crew saved. Ship and cargo lost."

Secretary Bryan repeated the American consul's telegram immediately to

CONTINUED ON PAGE THREE.

SUMMARY OF WAR NEWS.

Chief interest in the war centers in the operations of German submarines in the waters around the British Isles. The British steamer Downshire has been blown up in the Irish sea, while the American steamer Evelyn with a cargo of cotton from New York to Bremen has been sunk by a mine near Borkum Island in the North Sea. From Berlin comes the report of the sinking of a British transport with troops and an "accompanying steamer," but the scene of this incident is not given.

Regarding the destruction of the Evelyn, the first American vessel to be sunk since the outbreak of the war, the authorities at Washington have ordered a full inquiry.

The report of the sinking of a British transport was sent out on authority of a German news agency, but neither Berlin nor London has made any official announcement concerning the report.

The latest official announcement from Paris regarding the operations in the west describes considerable progress made by the allies in the Champagne district and the repulse of the Germans at Aix-en-Provence along the southern end of the line.

In the eastern war zone Russia claims to have put a check on the German advance by the aid of strong reinforcements. There is little change to record in Galicia, the Carpathians or Bukowina.

The Turkish grand vizier, Prince Said Halim, declared during an interview that to have joined with Great Britain, France and Russia would have been harmful to the in-

terests of the country; that the powers of the triple entente had been actuated by hypocrisy in dealing with Turkey and that the Turkish people, desiring an opportunity to become participants in their own government, had asserted the assertion that Turkey is bound to pass under the sway of Germany as absurd.

A hostile aeroplane is reported to have dropped bombs near Balintree, Colchester, Marks Tey and Coggeshall, English towns virtually within 50 miles of London.

The land tenant bill, with the Wilhams bill as a minority report, will come up Wednesday, and while it seems certain that the bill of Senator McGregor, passed finally in that body and meeting the ideas of Governor Ferguson squarely, will pass the Senate, it will not be lacking oratorical fireworks in support of the minority as well as the majority report. In the senate the bill calling for the creation of a commission of three to be appointed by the governor to make a thorough investigation into the cottonseed products industry in Texas and carrying \$10,000 appropriation to pay expenses, will be a special order Tuesday. McGregor is the author of this bill and will in his address of its passage offer some damaging evidence that will disclose that big packers are heavily interested in the ownership of a number of the principal terminal oil mills in Texas.

Judge Kavanagh first became con-

cerned with the Southern Baseball Club in 1901 as director of the Little Rock club. He was made vice president of the league in 1902. At the resignation of President J. B. Nicklin in 1903 he was elected to the presidency, which he held since. In the same year he was elected a member of the executive board of National Association of Professional Baseball Clubs.

The congressional redistricting bill, which came over from the house Saturday, is a special order for Wednesday.

The Cope oil mill-skin divorce bill also special order for Wednesday, with an amendment and a favorable majority report.

Senator McNealus will start some-

thing Monday morning by moving to render the action by which the Texas Company substitute was passed. The bill already has gone to the house and has been favorably reported in com-

mittee.

Dr. Frank H. Parker, superintend-

ent of the colony, in announcing this

night, said that Mrs. Thomas would

be kept on the payrolls as "nurse and

helper at \$200 a year."

When Archie was found to be af-

flicted with leprosy five years ago,

his mother obtained permission to ac-

company him to Peru to make his

life easier. The boy devoted himself

to wireless telegraphy and kept the

island in touch with the outside world.

He made so little use of the scene

where Washington was on his knees in

the snowy woods of Valparaiso prai-

ing to God for succor, he named and

starving around and for salvation of his

country, while Lord Cornwallis and his

well clad soldiers held high camp,

high camp in their well appointed camps.

Champ Clark Speaks on Geo. Washington

The exposition's mile race track,

part of the course, has been planked.

The remainder of the route, also on

the exposition grounds, is an asphalt

pavement. Two of the turns are at

right angles and there are other haz-

ardous irregularities in the course

that will make the going perilous.

Arrangements for patrolling the

track and handling the crowds were

perfected today. Twelve hundred fed-

Champion Gunner and Crew Getting Prize Money



GRAND VIZIER GIVES REASON FOR TURKEY ENTERING WAR

Explains the Abolition of the Capitulations and Points Out Advances Made During Past Six Years, in Which Is Mentioned Refusal to Join the Triple Entente.

LONG MADE OBJECT OF MANY FALSEHOODS

Declares Allies Assert That His Government Lacks Support of the People, But Says Such Is Untrue and Adds That Welfare Measures and Intellectual Progress Stand for Themselves—Matter of Schools.

Constantinople, via London, Feb. 21.—Prince Said Halim, the grand vizier of Turkey, in the first interview he has ever given, has outlined to the Associated Press Turkey's reason for entering the war. He explained the abolition of the capitulations and pointed out the advances made during the past six years.

"We rejected the triple entente's offer to guarantee Turkey's integrity for thirty years," said the grand vizier, "because acceptance would have been detrimental to Turkey's sovereignty. Turkey's experience with the promises made by the powers forming the triple entente (Great Britain, France and Russia) has been favorable to the promotion of confidence."

"We presume the Norwegian government will ask Germany to make a declaration whether the sinking of the Belridge was a mistake or a deliberate action," said the Morgenpost, the Pressepolitisches Journal, in their notes to Germany made all reservations regarding compensation for life and property which may be lost by the carrying out of the German threat to torpedo ships without previous examination.

"If legitimate claims of neutrals to indemnify are refused the respective countries naturally will consider the question of placing an embargo on German ships lying in their various ports and the action taken will be made of this economic question."

"The Aftenposten considers there is no longer any reason which neutral countries should not seek means to avert the danger menacing shipping. The Norwegian Journal of Commerce and Shipping says:

"The torpedoing of the Belridge is an event which it is unnecessary to repeat to characterize the war. The ship was bound from one neutral port to another. She had been ordered to paint the word Norway in large letters on her sides, which surely was done. The Norwegian Pressepolitisches Journal in their notes to Germany made all

reservations regarding compensation for life and property which may be lost by the carrying out of the German threat to torpedo ships without previous examination."

"The Turkish people want a chance to work out their destiny. Our stay six years ago was good. Much has been accomplished already everywhere in material and intellectual progress. We have initiated many measures promoting the well being of people in Constantinople.

"I realize that there is much to do, but the world should not forget that we have heretofore been much hampered by the capitulations."

"Turkey has been misrepresented and misunderstood; hence she is lacking the sympathy to which she is entitled. Heretofore we were the pawn of masters of the world and of the German position on the north and east of the world, captured by us yesterday.

"On the rest of the front two other counter attacks were repulsed and we made fresh progress, particularly to the north of Les Ménils. We captured two machine guns and 100 prisoners.

"The enemy delivered his seventh counter attack at Les Eparres with a view to recovering the positions gained by us during the last two days. It failed as completely as its predecessor."

Aero-plane Drops Bombs.

London, Feb. 22, 12:22 a. m.—A Bainbridge dispatch to the Press association says that about 8:30 o'clock last night a hostile aero-plane dropped missiles, supposed to be incendiary bombs, on the fields close to Bainbridge, but they did no damage.

At 8:40 o'clock an aero-plane passed over Colchester, which has about 50 houses in the west of London. It dropped a bomb, which buried itself in a garden, where it exploded, doing damage to the rear of a house and smashing the windows of other houses. No one was hurt.

The grand vizier answered questions

Secretary Garrison Will Recuse Panama Canal Tolls

Panama, Feb. 21.—Under instructions of Secretary Garrison of the war department at Washington, changes are being prepared in the regulations of computation of Panama canal tolls which it is estimated will result in a decrease of approximately 20 per cent in the revenues of the canal from the classes of freight affected.

It was discovered that the fixing of the tolls under the Panama canal provides for a maximum charge of \$1.25.

Bordeaux, via Paris, Feb. 21.—It was decided today definitely by the surgeons at the hospital of St. Augustin of Arcachon to amputate the right leg of Sarah Bernhardt tomorrow.

Madame Bernhardt maintains her courage, being described as apparently cheerful. She is receiving a large number of telegrams expressing sympathy, sent from all parts of the world.

Here are some photographs. May God aid you in your voyage. It means little to me, one can die but once.

Good bye, my dear. I embrace you tenderly until our early meeting.

United States Marshal Trying to Arrest Outlaw

Salt Lake City, Utah, Feb. 21.—Thirty-three cars are scheduled to start at 10 a. m. tomorrow on the Panama-Pacific Exposition course for the Vanderbilt cup. The length of the course is three and nine-tenths miles and with seventy-seven laps to be covered, making the distance about 300 miles, it is estimated that the race should be over by 2:30 p. m.

Arrangements for patrolling the

track and handling the crowds were

perfected today. Twelve hundred fed-

eral soldiers and marines and exposition guards will be distributed over the irregular shaped course.

The exposition's mile race track,

part of the course, has been planked.

The remainder of the route, also on

the exposition grounds, is an asphalt

pavement. Two of the turns are at

right angles and there are other haz-

ardous irregularities in the course

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Arr

Roofing that must last!
You can't tell by looking at a roll of roofing how long it will last on the roof, but when you get the guarantee of a responsible company, you know that your roofing must give satisfactory service.

The only real test of roofing quality is on the roof.

Buy materials that last

Certain-teed

Ask your dealer for products made by us—they bear our name.

Asphalt Roofing
1-ply guaranteed 5 years
Asphalt Shingles
2-ply guaranteed 10 years
3-ply guaranteed 15 years

General Roofing Manufacturing Company

World's largest manufacturers of Roofing and Building Papers

New York City Boston Chicago Pittsburgh Philadelphia Atlanta Cleveland Detroit

St. Louis Cincinnati Kansas City Minneapolis San Francisco Seattle London Sydney

SOLD BY

Waco Sash & Door Co.
WACO, TEXAS

Y. M. B. L.

invited to open house by

WOMAN'S BUSINESS LEAGUE

Tonight, Feb. 22, at Philo Club.

An interesting program will be rendered.

German Submarine Finds Victim in Irish Steamer

London, Feb. 21.—A German submarine described by some as the U-12, which is operating on the U-21, which is operating in the Irish sea yesterday found another victim in the little Irish coasting steamer *Downderry*.

The *Downderry* was not far from the spot where the British submarine sank in the early morning, four hours earlier. In the case of the *Downderry*, however, the crew were given time to escape in their boats and instead of wasting a day the Germans used a bomb which destroyed the vessel in a few minutes.

On the other side of the British Isles in the North Sea, near the Island of Borkum, the American steamer *Evelyn*, cotton laden, struck a mine. She sank when her crew were saved.

This makes up the total of steamers destroyed by German submarines during the past twenty-four hours, as far as is known.

The submarines up to the present have demonstrated their ability to attack only slow steamers or those lying at anchor, as a number of liners have been spared to date, the British seem to believe that the German craft have been at work, without being approached.

In fact, with respect to Liverpool and other west coast ports, the arrivals and departures have been above the Saturday and Sunday average, according to Lloyd's list.

None of the official reports of the fighting on land contains any important information, although there are big battles in progress near the East Prussian frontier where the Russians are advancing, and in Western Galicia, where the Russians have become more active. In the Carpathians where the troops have been fighting for nearly two months, and in Bucovina, where again the Russians have been reinforced and are resisting the Austro-German advance.

Petrograd dispatches say that the Germans have met an impenetrable barrier in the vicinity of Ossowetz and that their difficulties have been increased by the overrunning of the Niemen river.

There has again been a slackening in the activity in the west, although a number of points one side or the other have made an attack with the usual result of gain or a loss of a few yards in trench warfare.

No further word has been received of the attack on the Dardanelles forts by the British and French fleets.

German Offensive Movement.

Petrograd, via London, Feb. 21.—The German offensive movement from the Baltic to the Carpathians is regarded by Russian staff officers as merely an attempt to keep the Russian forces constantly engaged and prevent them from effecting a concentration at any point of the long front.

Other than this, it is believed that the Germans have no clear objective, or if they have, it has not been fathomed, are in making their demonstration near Ossowetz and in undertaking more active operations along the Dura, in both of which regions they have encountered a stubborn Russian defense.

Information transmitted to Grand Duke Nicholas, commander-in-chief of the Russian forces, concerning the action in the neighborhood of Ossowetz, does not bear out reports that the situation there is sufficiently serious to be taken in any sense as a siege.

It is felt that the success of the Russians in that vicinity as reported yesterday, effectively removes whatever menace the situation contained previously.

The district commanded by the fortress of Ossowetz is very large in area

and offers the best possible facilities for defense. Numerous lakes, as well as small tributaries of the Niemen river, which are overflown in their banks, offer serious impediments to the operations of the Germans.

Referring to the supposed fact that the German offensive within Russian territory is again being directed toward the capture of Warsaw, military critics say that inasmuch as the Germans were unable to reach the Polish capital after they had advanced to within 30 miles of it from the west, there appears to be little chance of their covering the eighty miles between the city and the army which is attempting to advance from the north.

The fortifications will tomorrow be a vehicle of discussion of national defenses just as the army advanced.

Representative Gardner of Massachusetts, who made another speech on the inadequacy of the coast defenses, made public today a letter he had received from Charles Bonaparte, who was secretary of the navy under President Roosevelt in 1906.

The navy, wrote Mr. Bonaparte, "should be made just as soon as possible strong enough to encounter with at least an equal chance of victory the entire fleet of any power whose hostility is a reasonable possibility of the future. For practical purposes this means to my mind the entire fleet of any power except Great Britain."

CONGRESS SETS OUT ON BIG SIX-DAY RACE

SENATE MUST DISPOSE OF A LARGE SUPPLY OF MONEY MEASURES.

WASHINGTON GETS NEWS OF STEAMER

AMERICAN CONSUL FEE AT BREMEN CABLES TO OFFICIALS AT THE CAPITAL.

CRUSH OVER IN HOUSE

Plans for the Ship Purchase Bill Are More or Less Cloaked in Mystery.

BRYAN TALKS TO WILSON

Secretary of State Immediately Wires Ambassador Gerard at Berlin to Make Inquiry.

Washington, Feb. 21.—Congress sets out on a six day race tomorrow with the waiting array of appropriation bills. The senate must dispose of the war supply measures, the first of nearly a hundred million dollars, if according to arrangement among the leaders, it is to bring the hard fought administration ship bill from the conference closet next Saturday, February 27, to debate it until noon, March 4.

In the course of the crush of the appropriate bills is over but the senate still has fourteen of the most important supply bills to pass. All have been stripped of legislative riders which could obstruct the bill and both houses are looking upon the end of the week as the limit of this dispatch.

After a conference with President Wilson, Secretary Bryan cabled Ambassador Page at London and Ambassador Gerard at Berlin to make an exhaustive inquiry as to the facts and if the crew was landed at either of their respective jurisdictions to furnish every care and convenience to Captain Smith and his men so that they might return home safely.

The plans for the ship bill are more or less cloaked in mystery. Its opponents declare it is dead and that if passing they still have the right of talking to death. That the conference could make the bill acceptable to administration democrats, the insurgent senators of that party and the progressive republicans as well, and pass the bill, both houses are looking upon the end of the week as the limit of this dispatch.

The death of some other measures at this congress also seem certain. Among them are the bill to give a greater measure of self government and greater dependence to the Philippines and the Philippines bill, which have been much pressed, to unlock the resources of the west for development.

The house will devote the week mainly to appropriation bills, beginning with the fortification bill and finishing with the general service bill, the last of the big supply measures. Some miscellaneous minor legislation will be attempted during the closing fortnight of the congress. An effort will be made by both houses to repeat the old Spanish revenue tax on milled flour to aid in meeting the demand for cheaper food.

The special sub-committee of the judiciary which took testimony in West Virginia in connection with charges against Federal Judge Alston G. Dawson, is to meet tomorrow to begin framing its report.

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Wild Rumor Says Mack.

Philadelphia, Feb. 21.—Connie Mack, manager of the Philadelphia American, tonight characterized as "another wild rumor" the report published today in St. Louis that J. Franklin Baker, the Athletics' hard-hitting third baseman, would become a member of the St. Louis Americans.

"There is absolutely, so far as I know, nothing on which to base the story," Mack declared. "I have every reason to believe that Baker intends permanently to retire from baseball, as I announced a few days ago."

Vote for Wiley J. Dunken for Finance Commissioner.—Advertisement.

Rickey Knows Nothing.

Houston, Feb. 21.—Branch Rickey, manager of the St. Louis Americans, who is here for the spring training, declares that the news given out at St. Louis Saturday night that J. Franklin Baker, the Athletics' hard-hitting third baseman, would become a member of the St. Louis Americans.

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Success of Germans.

Berlin, Feb. 21, by Wireless to Sayville, L. I.—German successes at the western and western ends of the Prussian—Belgian front are reported in the capital. A statement given out today at army headquarters, a trench was captured from the allies near Ypres and in the Ypres several small towns were taken. No important changes are reported in the campaign.

"On the high road between Ghent and Ypres we took one of the enemy's trenches and a few prisoners."

"In Champaigne comparative quiet reigned yesterday after the heavy battles of previous days. Near Combrees three French attacks were carried out with strong forces and with great fierceness. They were repulsed with heavy losses to the end."

"In the Vosges our attack made further progress. In the region southeast of Sutzelen we captured Hochrod, the heights near Hochrod and the hamlets of Sutzelen and Wiedenthal. The Germans are here."

"There is nothing new from Poland, south of the Vistula."

Paris Announcement.

Paris, via London, Feb. 21.—The war office announced in a statement given out this afternoon that part of the trenches near Ypres which the Germans captured recently had been retaken and that German attacks elsewhere had been repelled.

"There seems to be little change in the relative positions in West Galicia, although both sides have been making an effort to move forward, while in the Carpathians although the fighting is diminished, the German offensive movement has demonstrated their ability to attack only slow steamers or those lying at anchor, as a number of liners have been spared to date, the British seem to believe that the German craft have been at work, without being approached.

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The district commanded by the fortress of Ossowetz is very large in area

BUZZARD IS NOW VERY HAPPY MAN

Charles Buzzard, Who Lives at No. 53 Sylvania Street, Relates His Story

The symptoms of stomach trouble can never be mistaken and may be denoted by any one of the following: Poor appetite, dull pains in the head, sense of fullness after eating, restlessness, costiveness, regurgitation of food, dyspepsia, indigestion, coated tongue, foul breath, pains in the back or side, cold feet, poor circulation or palpitation of the heart.

Plant Juices, the new herbal system, acts like magic in all cases of stomach trouble. It attacks and destroys all poisons in the blood, corrects diseased conditions of the liver and kidneys and restores them to normal condition.

Daily local testimonials are received that verify these claims made for Plant Juices. Only recently the signed statement was received of Mr. Charles Buzzard, who lives at No. 53 Sylvania street, Pittsburgh, where he has resided for the past 18 years. He said:

"For over two years I had been sick, not bad enough to be in bed, but always miserable and all 'run down.' My stomach pained me as the food I ate fermented and formed gas and I was chronically constipated. The medicines I had used did me no good until I began the use of Plant Juices. It helped the first day and I have used it for six weeks and all stomach pains have disappeared; can digest my food perfectly and am no longer troubled with constipation. I cannot say enough in praise of Plant Juices, as it has cured me and I shall always praise it and tell all of my friends to use Plant Juices."

The symptoms of a deranged stomach are many and varied, any one of the following may indicate stomach trouble: Indigestion, dyspepsia, coated tongue, foul breath, pains in the back and sides, sleeplessness, lassitude, gas or bloating after meals, poor appetite, heavy sensation in feeling, bad taste in mouth or no energy.

Plant Juices is sold in Waco at Dr. W. B. Morrison's Old Corner Drug Store.

Vote for Wiley J. Dunken for Finance Commissioner.—Advertisement.

Situation in Poland.

Vienna, via London, Feb. 21.—The following official communication was issued yesterday:

"The situation in Poland and West Galicia generally unchanged. Yesterday it was calmer.

"In the battles on the Carpathian front from Dukla Pass to Wyszkow several Russian attacks again were repulsed with heavy loss to the enemy, who lost 760 men taken prisoners.

"The operations south of the Dniester river are progressing."

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Father — What expectations have you?

Suitor—That I will get your consent—Philadelphia Ledger.

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ANOTHER TRAIT OF WASHINGTON.

George Washington, whose birthday we celebrate today, great and good as he was, was still human. For that reason, and not to detract anything from the high estimate in which we hold his character and achievements, we have never placed much store in the tradition that he never told a lie. But there are other insights into his character that reveal just as strong traits as that of absolute truthfulness, and the abundance of good points in his favor entitle him to the all honor and reverence in which we have come to hold him.

For instance, the story is told—and we regard it as an authentic one—that Washington left his quarters alone one morning to visit a camp he had ordered to be fortified. The weather was very cold and he wore a long overcoat which hid his uniform, and a great cape and his hat left little of his face to be seen. At a point on the boundary of the camp he came upon a few men who were building, under the command of a corporal, a breastwork of logs. The men were bending over a very heavy log and were about to raise it to the top place on the breastwork. The corporal stood on one side giving orders. "Heave ho!" "All together." "Up with it." The men lifted the log almost to its place, but could not raise it quite high enough.

The corporal shouted again: "Heave! Up with it. Up! Up!" but did not put a hand to it himself. The men struggled and strained; but they had done their utmost and the log was about to sink into their exhausted arms.

Washington, with his strong arms and tall shoulder, gave the needed help. The big log was rolled into place. The men thanked the stranger, but the corporal paid no attention to him. Then Washington spoke and his voice was stern.

"Why don't you help your men with this heaviest lifting?"

"Why don't I?" answered the corporal. "Don't you see I am the corporal?"

"Indeed!" replied Washington, unbuttoning his coat to show his uniform. "Well, I am the commander-in-chief. The next time you have a log too heavy for your men to lift, send for me."

Turning on his heel he walked away.

We may be sure that the corporal learned a lesson that many, young and old, need to learn, and that the men learned to know their great general still better than they had known him before.

The "Father of His Country" did not regard it as below his dignity to render an humble service to his lowly fellows, and it was this readiness to serve equally as much as his ability to organize and command that made him truly great.

It is a matter of general satisfaction that no fraud was detected in the primary election of last Tuesday, following the investigation of the ballot box of the contested ward by the city executive committee. The fact that five was the highest number of votes miscredited out of a total of nearly 1,000, and where twenty-five men were in the races, is to the credit of those who conducted the election and for their exoneration we are glad the committee made the recount.

The Farmers' Union and similar organizations have been exempted from the operations of the anti-trust law, but farmers and stock raisers are included under the operations of the income tax law. But until our farmer friends begin to diversify their crops we do not expect to see the federal strong box bulging from this source.

NO SHORTAGE OF FOODSTUFFS LIKELY.

There is no prospect of a shortage of foodstuffs in this country, according to the federal department of agriculture.

The 1914 wheat crop of the United States was estimated to be 891,000,000 bushels. The estimated surplus carried over from the 1913 crop was about 76,000,000 bushels. There was, therefore, a total available supply of 967,000,000 bushels. As the normal annual per capita consumption of wheat in the United States is about 5.3 bushels, 520,000,000 bushels should meet our normal domestic requirements for food; in addition, 90,000,000 bushels are required annually for seedling. This 610,000,000 bushels, therefore, should supply the normal domestic demand. This would leave a surplus of 357,000,000 bushels. Of this surplus about 210,000,000 bushels were exported by January 30. This left 147,000,000 bushels, or 40,000,000 bushels more than our average annual export for the past five years, for export between February 1 and the appearance of the new crop, or for carrying over into the next crop year. The amount is sufficient to permit the export of nearly 1,000,000 bushels a day until July 1, before which time the new crop will begin to be available. This is about the average recent exportation.

The large demand for our wheat arises from the fact that there was an estimated world's shortage of over 400,000,000 bushels outside of the United States; from the fact that the Russian exportable surplus of 100,000,000 bushels is not available generally, and from the fact that the belligerent nations are eager to secure food supplies. If it were not for these things we should be discussing ways and means of disposing of our tremendous surplus of food products.

As has been stated, the new American crop will begin to appear before July. The Argentine crop is now coming on the market. It is estimated that from that source there will be available 100,000,000 bushels. A surplus of 75,000,000 bushels or more from India will be available in May and June. The increase in the fall sown wheat acreage of the United States in 1914 was 11.1 per cent, or over 4,000,000 acres; in the northern hemisphere generally the acreage of winter wheat shows an increase of from three to thirty-three per cent as follows: Denmark, 3 per cent; Italy, 5 per cent; Switzerland, 10 per cent; United Kingdom, 10 per cent; United States, 11 per cent; India, 22 per cent; Canada, 33 per cent.

But suppose a shortage in wheat should develop in the next three months, what would be the situation? There is a great surplus in other food crops in the United States, a number of which can be used as substitutes. Wheat does not constitute more than 12 per cent of the normal diet, about the same as poultry and eggs. Meat and dairy products constitute 48 per cent; vegetables 11 per cent; fruits, nuts, sugar, fish and other items, the remaining 19 per cent. There are larger supplies of corn and other grain, meat animals, dairy products, potatoes, and fruit at the opening of 1915 than for many years. The most important competing products are corn and potatoes. This is shown by the fact that while the normal consumption of wheat is 5.3 bushels in Maine it is only 4.7 bushels, and in Michigan 5. In the wheat growing states where wheat is abundant, such as Minnesota, the average is 7.2, whereas in the south, where corn is much used, the average is 4 bushels. Normally about 3 per cent of the corn crop is consumed as food. Of our total crop, about 80 millions would be used for food, the remainder for other purposes. The remainder could be used for foods and substitutes used for animals. The potato production in the United States averages 3.8 bushels per capita. This year the available supply is 4.1 bushels. The average price of meat animals was 7 per cent cheaper in January than a year ago, butter 2 per cent lower, the price of chickens slightly lower, of potatoes 35 per cent lower, and of apples it was 37 per cent lower.

Business men of Nashville, Tenn., merchants and manufacturers, have rented a large three-story building and are installing a permanent "Made in Nashville" exhibit. Temporary essays in this field have convinced them that it is profitable to make the show an all-the-year affair, and they are going at it in the right way. A manager will be in charge, the exhibits will be arranged according to their proper classifications, and the whole thing will be a continuing boost for Nashville. The idea is a good one and should be caught up by many of our Southern cities.

Lest we forget, we reproduce the following verse:

No space remains where other mortal hands
Can ever carve another's name so high;
Though many in the future may be great,
And loved and honored by our mighty state,
Their brilliant names—yes, even the greatest
one—

Must stand beneath the name of Washington.

Texas railroads are asking for more money. Inasmuch as that seems to be the common cry of all the people we have an idea the railroad commission will hesitate to play favorites.

"Chimme" McFadden has placed some very valuable lessons before the boys of Waco and other Texas cities he has visited, and the man who helps the boys does not live in vain.

THE PANAMA-PACIFIC FAIR.

All the country will rejoice with San Francisco on the fact that its mammoth exposition opened on time Saturday, February 20, the date fixed by congress, under the most favorable outlook that has marked any of the universal expositions that have been held under the auspices of the United States government.

And it is as an embodiment of the spirit of the great west that we think of the opening of the exposition. The fact that it opened on time and with more elaborateness and enthusiasm than those that have gone before, is indicative of the spirit of the Westerner who is not accustomed to lagging and doing things by halves. He is whole-souled in everything he does and he is generally doing something. And the fact that this fair is planned on the most elaborate scale of an exposition in the nation's history is evidence of the Westerner's desire to excell all others.

Its promoters and managers have been prompt and punctilious in the discharge of all their obligations, a characteristic of their section of the country, and while some are prone to give San Francisco all the credit for having made good, we prefer to give the credit to the great west of which San Francisco is the metropolis.

Not all the exhibits are in yet, of course, for it is a matter of impossibility for the directors and managers to compel the representatives of various state and foreign governments to come exactly to time, but all the main buildings are complete, enough exhibits are in their places to keep all visitors well entertained for as long as they care to stay, and it is a matter of congratulation that the San Francisco fair is far nearer complete on its opening day than were its great predecessors at Philadelphia, Chicago and St. Louis.

There will be much of interest doing at the exposition from now on throughout the year. More international functions and national gatherings will be staged there than at any previous fair, and the outlook is that it will be the greatest universal exposition, both from the real merits of the fair and the popular appreciation of it, that has yet been held in this country. It will be well worth seeing and there should be a large travel to the west this season. Any other section of the country would possibly have deferred its fair, following the advent of the European war, until a more favorable season. Not so with the west. The show is ready and those people who can at all afford to see it will profit by so doing.

OUR COAST DEFENSE.

The army board in its report to congress upon our coast defense needs recommends a total expenditure of \$40,000,000. In the opinion of the board the country's fortifications should be modernized and strengthened so that the guns defending our ports may be at least equal in range and power to the strongest armament afloat.

If we can accept this report, our government has been strangely lax in keeping the country's coast defenses up to the highest standards of gunpowder and efficiency, says the Houston Post. If \$40,000,000 be now required to execute the board's program surely Representative Gardner must have been on a warm trail recently when he was stressing the defenselessness of the country.

Our annual appropriations for fortifications are usually under \$6,000,000. If the present need is \$40,000,000 as our experts claim, then this indicated increase of nearly \$34,000,000 suggests that congress and the war department have been asleep for years past with regard to our defenses.

The chief trouble, of course, in obtaining provision for defensive measures lies in the fact that there are a number of congressmen who do not believe the country will ever go to war again, while there are others who think that the United States could easily defeat any enemy who might attack, prepared or unprepared.

We believe, however, that recent events have tended to convince many people that we have not reached the point where we can safely claim immunity against war. We have seen recently that war is not always a matter of choice, and that no man can tell when it will happen. We have also seen that preparedness is an asset of vital import.

Our coast defenses ought not to be neglected. It will require considerable time as well as money to put them in first-class condition and mount modern guns of the maximum power. Surely in the presence of possibilities of the gravest character congress will not prove indifferent to what the army board says we need. Even if we fail to increase the army or build what experts deem to be an adequate navy, we ought to have our coasts so well defended that an enemy can not destroy our ports and the industries upon which so many millions of people depend for a livelihood.

Fur-bearing animals will be unable to survive the hot conflict that is about to develop between Greece and Turkey, but we would not be surprised if the contending forces should make the fat and feathers fly.

All supplies for all state institutions that are shipped in sacks will be put up in cotton sacks and tied with cotton twine if Governor Ferguson has his way.

"Holland Will Fight for Her Pocketbook," reads a headline. It's a mighty sorry person who wouldn't if there was anything in the pocketbook.

THE SCOPE OF THE W. C. T. U.

A Paper Read Before the Local Memorial Exercises in Honor of the Late Frances E. Willard, by Mrs. R. B. Davis.

The word "scope" has two distinct meanings, one being the aim or intention, and the other being the room or opportunity for action. I will speak some on each phase of the word.

No better way can be found to express the aims and intentions of an organization than to read their platform, so I will first read the Declaration of Principles of the W. C. T. U. "We believe in the coming of His Kingdom whose service is perfect freedom, because His laws, written in our members as well as in nature and in grace, are perfect, creating the soul.

We believe in the gospel of the God of love, and that each man's habits of life should be an example safe and beneficial for every other man to follow.

"We believe that God created both man and woman in His own image, and therefore we believe in one standard of purity for both men and women, and in the equal right of all to hold opinions and to express the same with equal freedom.

"We believe in a living wage; in courts of conciliation and arbitration; in arbitration as opposed to greed of gain; in "peace on earth and good-will to men."

"We therefore formulate, and for ourselves adopt the following pledge, asking our sisters and brothers of a common danger and a common hope to make common cause with us, in working its reasonable and helpful presents into the practice of everyday life:

"I hereby solemnly promise, God helping me, to abstain from all distilled, fermented and malt liquors, including wine, beer and cider, and to employ all proper means to discourage the use of and traffic in the same."

"To confirm and enforce the rationale of this pledge, we declare our purpose to educate the young; to form a better public sentiment; to reform, as far as possible, by religious, ethical and scientific means, the drinking classes; to seek the transforming power of Divine grace for ourselves and all for whom we work, that they and we may similarly transform the world, to live pure and wholesome lives, and finally to pledge ourselves to labor and to pray that all these principles found upon the gospel of Christ, may be worked out into the custom of society and the laws of the land."

Under education comes first our scientific temperance instruction. The Women's Christian Temperance Union was born of prayer and has lived by prayer. The trysting hour is the noon tide. Every day when the sunbeams of the noon tide upon the mountains ride each white ribosome over the mountain, we expect to lift her heart to God in prayer, even if a silent one, for His blessings on the world and workers, and the overthrow of the liquor system and its deadly allies. And we believe that at last, not by might of law or power of police, the vile traffic will cease and men will wonder what hidden force smote it down.

Is there not in one of our various departments a place for you to fill? A thing that you are best adopted to do? Then find your place and fill it.

We, none of us, can do all that we can do for things for God, but we must despise not the day of small things. Remember, He says, "Ye that are faithful in that which is least are faithful also in much." Remember He also says, "The battle is not to the swift, nor the race to the swift, but to the true and the steadfast victory is promised through faith." We can each be true and steadfast and the victory will be ours. We must "Be not dismayed by reason of the multitude arrayed against us," and remember that "the battle is not ours but God's."

INCOME TAX RULES FOR FARMERS AND STOCKMEN

Office of the Collector of Internal Revenue, Third District of Texas, Austin, Tex., Feb. 20.

To the Waco Morning News:

The following rules are to be observed by Farmers and Ranchers in preparing their income tax reports:

All gains, profits and income derived from the sale or exchange of farm products, whether produced on the farm or purchased and resold by a farmer, shall be included in the return of income for the year in which the products were actually marketed and sold, and all allowable deductions, including the legitimate expenses incident to the production of that year, or future years, may be claimed in the return of income for the tax year in which the right to such deductions shall arise, although the products to which such expenses and deductions are incidental may not have been sold or exchanged for money, or a money equivalent, during the year for which the return is rendered.

Rents received in crop shares shall likewise be returned as of the year in which the crop shares are reduced to money or a money equivalent, and allowable deductions, likewise, shall be claimed in the return of income for the tax year to which they apply, although expenses and deductions may be incident to products which remained unsold at the end of the year for which the deductions are claimed.

Co-operation with missionary societies aims to bring our work before these workers and secure their co-operation in disseminating knowledge of the baleful effects of the liquor trade as related to the progress of a temperance and Christian work.

Particular attention is given to the "W. C. T. U. of the Americas" to interest that all things may be done decently and in order." As a general thing because of this knowledge, the W. C. T. U. is the best conducted body anywhere.

Some departments I'll only mention as it would take too much time to tell of all. We have the juvenile courts, industrial education and anti-child labor, school savings banks, kindergartens, model contest, W. C. T. U. institutes and the rest. These all tell by their names what they aim to do. In our anti-narcotic department we aim to instill into the minds of the young the knowledge of the injury done by tobacco, opium and other narcotics.

In our evangelistic line of work we have evangelistic and almshouse, unfermented wine at sacrament, proportionate and systematic giving, penal and reformatory work, including prison station work, work among railway men, work among soldiers and sailors, work among lumbermen, work among miners, mercy, purity, relief work.

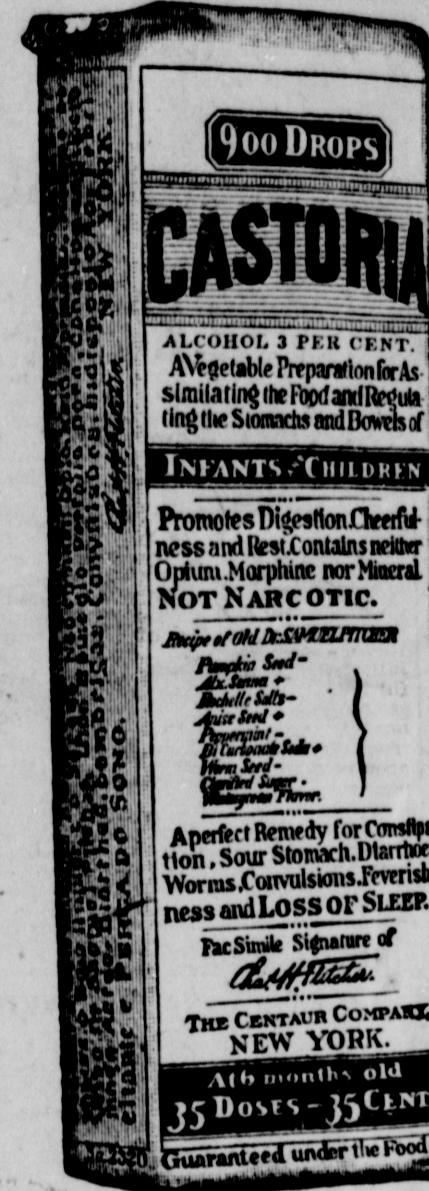
Sabbath observance, which aims to restore the Christian Sabbath that we have claimed, the many promises of God given to the nation that will keep God's day holy. Sabbath desecration is known to be the twin sister of the liquor traffic. They go hand in hand. Promotion of purity in literature and art, in which we try to promote the study of the Bible as the book

The Danger of Imitations.

AN OHIO druggist writes to "The Practical Druggist," a prominent New York Drug Journal, as follows: "Please furnish formula for Castoria. All the formulas I have worked with are either ineffective or disagreeable to administer."

To this "The Practical Druggist" replies: "We do not supply formulas for proprietary articles. We couldn't if we wanted to. Your experience with imitative formulas is not surprising, but just what is to be expected. When Castoria is wanted, why not supply the genuine. If you make a substitute, it is not fair or right to label it Castoria. We can give you all sorts of laxative preparations for children, but not Castoria, and we think a mother who asks for Castoria would not feel kindly toward you if you gave her your own product under such a name."

No mother with a spark of affection for her child will overlook the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher when buying Castoria.



Children Cry For Fletcher's CASTORIA

Extracts from Letters by Grateful Parents to Chas. H. Fletcher.

Mrs. Wm. Palmer, Sterling, Ill., says: "Your Castoria has been my friend for twenty years. I could not keep my children well without it. I cannot speak too highly of your wonderful remedy."

Mrs. Frank H. Cafferty, of Providence, R. I., says: "If all young mothers would use Castoria it will bring up their child. My nurse and doctor can also tell what your Castoria can do."

Howard A. Banks, of Hickory, N. C., says: "Your Castoria is the only physic we ever give our three babies. The fact that we use it promptly is probably the reason we never have to use any other."

Mrs. A. J. Nelson, of Waco, Texas, says: "Enclosed you will find a picture of 'Our little Castoria boy.' When a week old I ordered your Castoria for him, and I have never been up a night with him since."

Mrs. Eva Ott Melin, of Jersey City, N. J., says: "I attribute the present excellent condition of my baby to your Castoria which he has been using since he was three weeks old. I have not lost a night's sleep in seven months."

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS BEARS

the
Signature
of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY

COLUMBUS STREET BIBLE INSTITUTE COMES TO AN END

The Columbus Street Mid-Winter Bible Institute closed last night with the largest audience of the eight-day conference present.

Dr. Henry Alford Porter of Dallas, principal speaker for the institute, spoke four times yesterday. At 10 a. m. he spoke to the Sunday school; at 11 o'clock he preached on "The Death of Moses;" at 3 p. m. he addressed a large mass meeting on the subject, "Wanted, a Man;" and at 7:30 spoke on "The Immortality of the Soul."

The mass meeting in the afternoon was attended by an unusually large number of factory employees and shop workers. The co-operation in attendance on the part of other congregations of the city in this particular was remarkable.

This Bible institute has been placed in the church calendar as an annual affair with plans for enlargement. It is thought now by the church that in another year it may embrace a period of as much as two weeks. If such an extension is made, the time will be consumed in broadening of each sphere of the work, including instruction in more subjects and a larger number of classes.

In speaking of the work of the institute, Dr. Porter said: "This is the best known Bible conference in the southwestern states, and is a valuable asset to our Baptist denomination, and is a positive asset to our Baptist conference."

A telegram from Dr. P. E. Burroughs, educational secretary of the

Waco Presbyterians Will Attend Laymen Meeting at Dallas

About twelve Waco people will attend the sectional convention of the Laymen's Missionary Movement of the Southern Presbyterian church, to be held at Dallas and last throughout Thursday.

Dr. C. T. Caldwell, pastor of the First Presbyterian church, and wife, with several members of the congregation will attend. Those who will go from the First Church are Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Sawtelle, Miss Nell Symes, A. B. King and probably others. Rev. J. J. Grier, pastor of the Second Presbyterian church and his wife, will attend. Although the Central Presbyterian church, not a Southern church, congregation, Rev. E. L. Ingram will attend the sessions.

A convention was just brought to a close at Charlotte, N. C. The Dallas convention will be handled by the same leaders who handled Dr. C. T. Caldwell, who was in Waco with the campaign of the general movement.

Other speakers of nation-wide reputation who will deliver addresses at Dallas are J. Campbell White of New York, Dr. H. P. Williams of Natchez, W. E. Doughty of New York, George Innes of Philadelphia and Egbert Smith, foreign secretary of missions for the Southern Presbyterian church. A number of missionaries from different mission fields also will attend.

Second, that we thank our citizenship, our Baptist brotherhood, the various church choirs of the city, our several speakers, and especially Drs. Porter and Burroughs, and the press of our city for their very fine assistance.

Third, that we say to our pastor that we most heartily approve and endorse his efforts to make this an institute a great permanent affair in our church work."

Two Pretty Weddings at N. Eighth St. Home

Two pretty home weddings, both surprise affairs, except within the circle of immediate friends, were solemnized last night at the home of Mrs. N. J. Albright, 402 North Eighth street, one occurring at 6 o'clock and the other a few minutes after 9 o'clock. Clede Wallace officiated at both ceremonies.

James F. Cooper and Mrs. Myrtle Morgan were the principals in the first wedding and Paul Dorris and Miss Daisy Schermann the contracting parties in the second.

Mr. Cooper is with the Early Grocery company and Mr. Dorris with the Carpenter Hardware Company. Both grooms are well and favorably known in the city, and the brides are very popular young ladies and have a large circle of friends, both in and outside of Waco.

The ceremony room was artistically decorated with firs and palms and cut flowers of sweet peas and carnations. Other arrangements were in keeping with them, making in all an attractive background and scenic effect for the affairs.

Following the second wedding, Mrs. Albright as hostess served refreshments consisting of several courses.

Both couples will be at home for several days, at least, at 402 North Eighth street.

Chaplin-Power Marriage.

Lee R. Chaplin and Miss Eva Powers were married at 10:30 last night by Justice J. J. Padgett. Both young people have a wide circle of friends, the bridegroom being a collector for R. T. Dennis and company.

Hill-Gowins Marriage.

R. B. Hill and Miss Nellie Gowins were married at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon by Justice Giles P. Lester. The young people will remain in Waco for a few days, but will make their future home at Sibley.

We guarantee our prices and work at the Exchange Garage. 618 Franklin street. - Adv.

FOUR HUNDRED BOYS OF WACO JOIN LEAGUE

"CHIMMIE" M'FADDEN PREVAILS ON MANY YOUNGSTERS TO SIGN THE PLEDGE.

GREAT RALLY AT COLISEUM

"Big Noise" Speaks at Night on New York Underworld and Influence of the Church.

Chimmie McFadden, Anti-Cigarette Pledge.

I solemnly promise that I will not smoke a cigarette or drink a drop of intoxicating liquor until I am twenty-one years of age, but if before that time I find it impossible for me to do this, then I will do my best to do the best I can for the welfare of our organization and request him to destroy my pledge, as I do not wish to be a sneak or hypocrite.

(Signed) Name Address School or business

All boys desiring to join hereafter, as well as all those who have signed names at the meeting Sunday afternoon, are requested by Mr. McFadden to sign the above slip and return it to the Morning News at once, after which the names of all the boys will be published and turned over to the boys' secretary of the Y. M. C. A.

Four hundred boys of Waco have agreed to cut out the smoking of cigarettes and the drinking of intoxicating liquors until they are twenty-one years of age, as the result of the visit here of "Chimmie" McFadden, king of newsboys, who has spent several days in the city under the joint auspices of the Y. M. C. A. and the Morning News. As a result of his talk at the Cotton Coliseum yesterday afternoon when every seat in that place was taken and many people stood, 284 boys signed pledge cards to eliminate these two detriments to their mental, physical and moral development.

This shows itself in money, getting-quick schemes. This is the secret of the fascination of gambling.

"It is found again in the person who wants a job without the qualifications to fill it. In addition to make a short cut to knowledge down to our own age—yes, even to ten hours, multitudes have endeavored to get something for nothing."

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THEATRES

AUDITORIUM.

Thursday, Feb. 25, matinee and night—"September Morn." Friday, Feb. 26, matinee and night—Special return engagement of "Peg o' My Heart." Saturday, Feb. 27, matinee and night—"A Pair of Sixes."

September Morn.

The much talked of musical comedy "September Morn" has been secured by Manager Ingram on a tremendous guarantee for Thursday, Feb. 25, matinee and night, coming direct from its successful run of fifteen weeks is along a guarantee of the popularity of this musical, tingly musical comedy. The many songs hits are being used in all Chicago cafes and phonograph records are in great demand. Books and lyrics are by Arthur Gillespie, music by Aubrey Stauffer, dances by Virgil Bennett and staged by Frank Tannehill. Rowland and Clifford are responsible for the production and send it forth as the greatest musical comedy of the century. The cast includes Leo Green-

Cozy Theatre

Now Playing
BESSE DAINTY AND PLAYERS

TODAY

"LENA RIVERS"

Will be the offering. Miss Dainty at her best in Mary J. Holmes' best novel, a play for old and young.

Matinees Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday.

Prices 10c, 20c, 30c.

Lena Rivers was voted the most popular play. All new and special scenery.

AUDITORIUM

Both phones 3132. Seats now selling at Powers-Kelly Drug Co.

Thursday, February 25th

Rowland & Clifford present the La Salle Theatre Success

'September Morn'

50—People—50

Matinee 25c to \$1.00; Night 25c to \$1.50

Friday, Matinee and Night Oliver Morosco presents a special return engagement of "PEG O' MY HEART"

The most beautiful comedy ever written.

Saturday, Feb. 27, Matinee and Night

The laughing hit of the century

"A PAIR OF SIXES"

Oscar Figman and New York cast

Night 25c to \$1.50; Matinee 25c to \$1.00.

Seats on sale at Powers-Kelly for all performances.

QUEEN THEATRE

PARAMOUNT PLAYS

Today and Tomorrow

'The Country Boy'

With Marshall Neilan in the title role. A heart interesting drama of rich humor and rare pathos.

Wednesday and Thursday

'Marked Woman'

Five reels, featuring

Barbara Tennant

Shubert production.

Friday and Saturday

Gaby Deslys

The celebrated international star, in

'Her Triumph'

Supported by Harry Pilcer. An original, interesting story of the atres.

PARAMOUNT PICTURES

HIPPODROME

"The Dawn of a New Era in Photoplays"

Monday and Tuesday

Max Figman and Lolita Robertson in a Brilliant Comedy Drama

THE TRUTH WAGON

Max Figman and his brilliant co-star who made such a hit in "The Man on the Box."

THE FILM YOU SURELY MUST SEE.

ADMISSION 10c

PEG O' MY HEART AND HER CREATORS

On Dec. 20, 1912, a new play opened a new theater introducing a new star to the metropolis. The theater was the Cort. The play was "Peg o' My Heart." The star was Laurette Taylor.

It is said that up to that night only the producer, Oliver Morosco, then known as a western manager; the playwright, J. Hartley Manners, and the star to be believed they had a chance for success. The rest is history. They awoke to find themselves famous. And they have since become very rich, for this simple little play proved to be the most successful in the annals of the American stage in twenty-one years—not the finest, nor the greatest, but from a box office standpoint the most successful. To it belongs a record of over 600 consecutive performances, an unbroken run of seventy-six weeks, or nearly two years in one theater.

Like that of most successful theatrical ventures, the basic idea of this play is a simple one—the eternal appeal of youth and love. The "tag" line of the play, the speech that rings down the final curtain—"My father says there's nothing half so sweet in life as love's young dream"—is the key to the whole drama.

The plot of "Peg o' My Heart" is neither complicated nor very unusual.

Peg's father was an Irish patriot. He married a member of an English family and his general stage director, T. Daniel Frawley at his first. The Burbank Theatre Stock company in Los Angeles, and is capable of portraying any kind of character. She is a daughter of Dan Dentler, the famous poet-scout and life long friend and companion of Col. W. R. Cody (Buffalo Bill). Little Miss Dentler was born in their camp at North Platte, Neb., just nineteen years ago and began her stage career two years ago as ingenue with Richard Carle, the following season H. W. Savage engaged her for the role of Youth in the New York company of Everywoman. It was in this part Mr. Morosco first saw her and placed his new star under contract for a long period for his stock company, where she remained until last October when he sent her east to portray "Peg." Miss Dentler is wonderful in the title role and gives such an artistic performance that it lingers in your memory as a sweet thought that you will remember again after. Seats on sale today at 9 o'clock.

'A Pair of Sixes'

"A Pair of Sixes" which is acclaimed by all of New York, Chicago and Boston critics as "the funniest farce in the Auditorium Saturday, Feb. 27, matinee and night.

The play is a farce in three acts by Edward Peple, author of "The Prince Chap," and "The Littlest Rebel." The story concerns the quarrel of two young men proprietors of the Eureka Digestive Pill Company, each of whom claims the credit for the success of the business. Their lawyer, unable to assist them to an amicable settlement suggests a hand of cards to decide which shall conduct the business unmolested by the other. A pair of sixes is the winning hand. Under the agreement, the loser becomes involved in a series of complications, from which he is ultimately rescued by a scheme of his sweetheart.

MAJESTIC.

"Thorns and Orange Blossoms." Starting today "Thorns and Orange Blossoms" will be the attraction at the Majestic theatre. Waco's popular play house. Adelaide Irving and players start in on their fourth week of a tremendous success.

"Thorns and Orange Blossoms" is a very peculiar play and one might misconstrue the title unless he is familiar with or has read the story, and if you haven't it would be a good idea for those who are intensely interested in all things good dramatically to get the book and read the story and then come and see the play, but by all means see the play, for it is one of the prettiest stories ever told.

And girls, it is just chock full of love and romance, of the right sort, and it is full and bubbling over with good, wholesome comedy. There will be plenty of them, so no matter what your likes are they are sure to be gratified.

Miss Irving and Lyman White will be seen in the leading parts and that comical pair will entertain with another one of those good specialties, and there will be something doing all the time. Ladies will be admitted free Monday night when accompanied by one reserved seat ticket.

COZY.

"Lena Rivers."

Miss Dainty comes back to the cast at the Cozy theatre tonight after half a week's vacation, reopening in a repetition of one of her greatest successes here, "Lena Rivers." The piece will be produced from the original manuscript of the version in which Miss Dainty was featured for two seasons from coast to coast, and will be enriched with all the business and effects which made the road show such a hit.

"Lena Rivers" is the story of a little girl whose mother, deserted by her husband, died of a broken heart, and Lena is in the care of her grandmother and grandfather, a small New England farmer. On the death of the grandfather one of the sons determines to bring his mother and Lena to live with him in Kentucky. There the little girl is introduced to small town life. But in spite of her inexperience she is very popular with all the people she meets because of her beauty and charming personality.

A young man of the community falls in love with her and she with him. This arouses the anger of one of her cousins who also loves the young man, and from this time forward Lena's life is made miserable by the spiteful cousin. Later Lena meets the stepfather of the man she loves and he recognizes her as his own daughter. The babe he had deserted years before. He does not dare to tell her who he is but his love for her is so great that he

has been cured by the water.

QUEEN.

The Country Boy. At the Queen today Marshall Neilan will be seen in "The Country Boy," a pretty little story of love and shame of city life, produced in film. The story has to do with a country boy who goes to the city to win his way, in order to marry his country sweetheart.

While in the city he meets a chorus girl, and the usual white light tragedy takes place. However, the ending is happy, the country boy returning to his home and marrying his little country sweetheart.

HIPPODROME.

The Truth Wagon. Hippodrome theatre patrons will again have the opportunity of seeing Max Figman and Lolita Robertson in an All-American feature film, "The Truth Wagon." These two artists crowded the theatre in "The Man on the Box." "The Truth Wagon" is a brilliant comedy-drama taken from the play by Hayden Talbot.

Five reels are needed to present the elaborate production. The story is frankly funny, and its purposes are largely along laughter-provoking lines. However, there is a vein of a political



Impudent, Immortal, Glowing, Refreshing Youth Is Embodied In Peg

haughty Ethel. Angered by the cold formality of her aunt's greeting and the narrow conventions of English society life, she determines to take Michael, who has been relegated to the stable, and return to her father on the next steamer. She is persuaded, however, to remain and "try it" for a month by a friend she meets at the Chichester home whom she knows only as Jerry.

Michael is carrying on a secret love affair with a married man, with whom she plans to elope. Peg discovers this plan and with great shrewdness not only saves her cousin from its wretched consequences, out from the other members of the family learning the truth. In the meantime Peg and Jerry have been rapidly falling in love. He has befriend her from the first, and she is very fond of him, but at the last moment, when she discovers that he is in reality Sir Gerald Adair, a wealthy landowner, she believes that he, too, has been making fun of her. She once more decides to return to her father and leaves the house, but is driven back into it by a sudden thunderstorm. Jerry soothes her childish fears, and in the end, of course, they both realize that they have been playing at cross purposes, and he clasps her in his arms. Thus little Peg comes into her own.

Yes; Peg is more than young. She is Irish, which is very important, for it bestows upon her—added to the wit, the poesy, the willfulness, which are the companion inheritances of Celtic blood—that strain of exquisite sadness that mellowes Erin's sweetest melodies. The irresponsible romanticism echoing in her cry, "Must I go when the music's comin' across the flowers and the moon's so big—oh, the lovely moon, Jerry!" after they've come home from the dance; the shy, bubbling humor typified in the remark, "You can't raise the Irish in a lot of oinks—it's never been done—they die on your hands," and the warm-hearted loyalty that breathes forth in the asseration "My father can do anything at all if He's the most wonderful man in the whole world. . . . I get very homesick for my father—all these are Irish—and very human. Maybe that's the secret of the play's phenomena—its humanness.

ap-
peal, is humanness.

At the Auditorium



Scene from Third Act "September Morn," Auditorium Matinee and Night, Thursday, Feb. 25.

story and several dramatic situations.

The "fourth estate" newspaperdom, has its part in the story and it is well staged. Few newspaper stories or productions really register, but the newspaper men and scenes in "The Truth Wagon" are believable. Prize fighters, political bosses and Cupid all figure to make the entertainment one of unusual merit.

Officer Kills Mexican.

CORPORAL CHRISTI, Feb. 21.—In a running fight late last night between three Mexican bandits, one of whom was a stealer, while he and Morton wait in their office for the delivery of the goods. The stealer is discovered by Carson, who is unable however, to overcome them both. Berry and his daughter chance to pass the office and see the fight. They investigate. Carson's battle with the robbers attracts the attention of a policeman, who arrives in time to help in subduing the crooks. Stirling calls up Berry's office on the phone and Carson, pretending to be one of the yeggmen, tells him that they have secured the stuff and will be right up. The Berrys, Carson and the police go in a body to Stirling's office, where he and Morton are placed under arrest. Mr. Berry changes his opinion about newspaper men.

"Above Par" will be shown at the Rex today.

Rain at Littlefield.

LITTLEFIELD, Feb. 21.—A slow rain fell all night last night and it is still cloudy and threatening this morning. This rain is very beneficial to the country as it adds to the already good season in the ground. The weather during the winter has been ideal for the farmers, and prospects for this year are very bright.

Rain at Vernon.

VERNON, Feb. 21.—Rain began falling heavily yesterday and continued till 12 o'clock. This has put a fine season in the ground and will greatly benefit wheat and oats.

Suffer Broken Arms.

GONZALES, Feb. 21.—Miss Elsie Rector and Clare McKnight, both suffering from broken arms, the result of falls sustained while roller skating.

Rain at Waco.

WACO, Feb. 21.—Rain began falling heavily yesterday and continued till 12 o'clock. This has put a fine season in the ground and will greatly benefit wheat and oats.

People of Kenedy are visiting the min-

eral well of this place daily. It is estimated that already over one hundred people make daily trips to the well, and a number of out-of-town people are here to use the water. Several people already have been cured by the water.

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RATES FOR

Classified Ads

IN

THE WACO MORNING

NEWS

1 insertion, per word 1c
 3 insertions, per word 2c
 5 insertions, per word 3c
 7 insertions, per word 4c
 8 or more insertions, 2c a word
 for each insertion.

No ad taken for less than 2c cents.
 Sunday paper is counted as Daily.
 FOR QUICK SERVICE—

Classified Ads will be taken over the telephone and are payable on day the ad is run. Ads for Sunday paper to be properly classified must be in this office before 7 o'clock Saturday night.

Call either phone 1132 and ask for Waat Ad Department.

WEEKLY COTTON REVIEW.

New Orleans, Feb. 21.—The cotton market was under considerable selling pressure last week but the net results were not material, prices closing in a loss of 7 to 14 points under the class of 100 pounds. The main bearish influence of the week was the measures England and Germany took against each other on the sea. At the end of the week the total amount of movement tonnage was 1,300,000 bales and traders were fearful that these shipments might be so endangered as to stop or partially stop exports.

The first effect of the United States cotton futurity act was to give a decided check to business brokers generally holding on to so that they might study its workings. This lessened business was also in favor of the short side, as were reports from various parts of the belt that spot buyers were operating more freely and were not as willing as they were to meet the price views of hold-

ers. The main bullish influences were the large exports for the week, amounting to 13,193,000 bales, same week last year, and the large mill takings, 349,000 bales, against 284,000 the same week last year. Bills made much of reports from northern mill centers stating that mills generally were running full time. Cables report that Irish line mills were using cotton in increased attention.

This week the situation in regard to cotton abroad probably will overshadow all other features.

Lack of the usual preparations for cotton picking, but attracting attention of late, and if work in cotton fields does not become more active this week, it may be a supporting factor of consequence.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, Feb. 21.—Shipments of cotton goods on past orders continue to increase, although new buying for future delivery has quieted down. The January purchases were in larger volume than was commonly known. The business from road salesmen is improving steadily, notably from the south and west. Prices in primary markets have held very steady despite their quiet tone and in some instances advances have been made. One of the leading lines of southern staple ginghams advanced $\frac{1}{4}$ a yard last week and some lines of pillow tubings and other articles have been put into quick delivery. Print cloths and convertibles are more quiet with prices barely steady. Printed goods of a staple character are selling moderately. Staple ginghams are in fair demand. Ticking of the better known qualities is still high. Denims are being bought moderately.

Bleached cottons give no indication of easing and trade in wash goods is improving. General export business continues to improve.

Prices are as follows:

Print cloths, 28 inch, 64x64's, 2%: 64x60's, 2%: 33% inch, 64x64's, 4c: south-

ern standard brown sheetings 64c: denims, 9 ounce, 12c: tickings, 8 ounce, 11%c: standard staple prints, 4%: staple ginghams, 64c: dress ginghams, 94c.

FINANCIAL REVIEW.

New York, Feb. 21.—Weekly relations of the United States and the belligerent nations was reflected in some upward movement upon the world's speculative markets. It was feared that untoward events might precipitate a crisis in the diplomatic exchanges with Germany. Great Britain's threat of a blockade of Germany's food imports and suspension of mail across the British channel presented new problems.

Meanwhile a fall in demand sterling to \$4.79 for the pound, with other foreign exchanges closely corresponding, made plain the urgent and universal demand for outside payments to this country.

Arrangement of a large British government credit with banks here was indicated as a means of relief. Selling of foreign owned securities at this center was induced but not in quantity sufficient to effect relief. Some movement of foreign capital here under cover was suspected.

Domestic money conditions were undisturbed. Progress in investment and savings upon the world's speculative markets.

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OUR NEIGHBORS' CHICKENS INTERFERE WITH THE HOME GARDEN

The keeping of chickens in the city is a commendable thing and should be encouraged, yet many who are trying to raise their own fried chicken and yard eggs are rather thoughtless or indifferent of their neighbors' rights. There are many in Waco who are deterred from making a home garden by the prospect of it being speedily scratched out by their neighbors' hens. Are your chickens bothering your neighbor's garden, or does the fact that they run unrestrained keep your neighbors from attempting any effort in that direction? The Rush Park Seed Co. is interested in the success of all the efforts now

being made by so many in Waco to have a home garden interested in selling the seed, of course; but really the need and interest of keeping all the gardens a complete success. It is a delicate proposition to be obliged to go to a neighbor and complain of this nuisance, and many would rather suffer in silence than to do so. A tactful way of reaching the trouble might be to take this copy of The Morning News, mark this article and mail it to the offending neighbors. The Rush Park Seed Co. can supply the seed for the gardens, but would rather feed the Waco hens on "Live Oak Hen Food" than on garden seed.

Speakers Announced for Frat Banquet

Business Conditions Better in the North

College fraternity men residing in Waco are greatly interested in the annual Pan-Hellenic banquet to be held at the State House Tuesday night, March 2. At a meeting of the arrangement committee, O. H. Cross, Delta Kappa Epsilon, was decided on as toastmaster, and the following list of speakers selected: Dr. H. R. Duggeon, Alpha Mu Psi Omega; Dr. Terrell of Temple, Phi Chi; Chap. Room, Sigma Sigma; Judge Erwin J. Clark, Sigma Alpha Epsilon; Tom Connally of Marlin, Phi Delta Theta; Dr. F. P. Culver, Kappa Alpha.

Tom Moore, Sigma Alpha Epsilon, is getting up a male quartet for the occasion, and Miss Nielsen Gillespie and Mr. William Fall will give one of their dances which are proving so popular. Other features may be added.

A trip to Marlin for the purpose of interesting fraternity men of that city in the banquet, will be made Wednesday by J. Lee Davis, president, and J. D. Willis, secretary, of the local Pan-Hellenic organization.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

For City Commissioner

Wiley J. Dunken is a candidate for the office of city commissioner, Place No. 1 (finance commissioner) subject to the action of the second democratic primary, Feb. 23, 1915.

J. A. Littlefield is a candidate for re-election to the office of city commissioner, Place No. 2, subject to the action of the second democratic primary, Feb. 23, 1915.

For City Tax Assessor and Collector R. L. Stirling is a candidate for re-election to the office of city tax assessor and collector, subject to the action of the second democratic primary, Feb. 23, 1915.

Dan Morris, Jr. is a candidate for the office of city tax assessor and collector, subject to the action of the second democratic primary, Feb. 23, 1915.

Chief Prescott Improved. Fire Chief A. M. Prescott was somewhat improved yesterday over his condition Saturday. The chief has been off work last August, but has been on at times to attend to some of his duties.

He was out of bed but unable to move up to a late hour last night to bring the child to consciousness. The man is held pending the developments as to the child's condition before charges are preferred. The man has been without work for two weeks and the family and meager furnishings of the house indicated extreme poverty.

NOTICE
A called meeting of Waco Lodge No. 92 A. F. and A. M. will be held at the new Masonic Temple, corner Eighth and Washington streets, to-night at 7:30. Work in the master's degree. All visiting brethren invited.

FRANK M. MILLER, W. M. E. C. STREET.

DR. L. S. DOWNS,
Successor to Dr. C. D. Hudson,
503 Peerless. Residence Riggins Hotel
(Adv.)

We sell plumbing fixtures to any one. For first class plumbing and repair work call Oxens Lumber Co. None but first class plumbers in our employ. New phone 15, old phone 243. (Adv.)

Vote for Wiley J. Dunken for Finance Commissioner—Advertisement.

The Modern Idea-- Is Selling Customers What They Ask For

Dealers of sound business principles favor the "Get-what-you-ask-for" way of doing business.

The president of a large and successful New York firm recently said in an interview: "Our policy has been, and always will be, to give people what they ask for."

"We have found it not only profitable, but it has put our business on a high plane."

"Many of our customers tell us the reason they come here to trade is that they get what they ask for, with no stories told about something just as good."

"We never ask customers to take our private brands. We believe it is a poor policy, and we steer clear of it."

Is there anything more valuable to a business house than the good will of its customers?

Mr. Retailer, you are sure to retain the loyalty, confidence and esteem of your customers if you always give them what they ask for.

"Get What You Ask For"
National Anti-Substitution League, Philadelphia.

VETERANS RECALL DAYS OF CIVIL WAR

CONDITIONS OF THE '60s COMPARED WITH THOSE OF PRESENT STRUGGLE IN EUROPE.

TRENCHES STOPPED THE YANKEES

Captain H. C. Lindsay Tells Pat Cleburne Camp How Battle of Cold Harbor Occurred.

Taking advantage of the good weather about thirty-five members of Pat Cleburne Camp, United Confederate Veterans, attended the regular monthly meeting of the camp at the armory on Austin street yesterday afternoon.

The enjoyable feature of the afternoon was an hour given over to short talks by several different veterans on happenings during the war. Captain H. C. Lindsay was the first to be called on. He guided the thoughts of the audience in a history of the present European war with the conditions during the civil war.

Captain Lindsay spoke of the check of the German advance on Paris, by the use of trenches. He said that he had opportunity to witness the almost impossibility of a large army breaking through even a single line of defenders who were entrenched in such a manner.

At the battle of Cold Harbor, June 3, 1864, he was in charge of his superior officers. The Confederates were holding back Grant's army from Richmond just as the Germans were being held back from Paris. The Confederates were strung out in a single line for miles. On the night of the second his regiment started to retire when the order was given to go forward some hundred yards in order to avoid a tangent, which would make a vulnerable point in the defense. The order was obeyed and about 9 o'clock they were told to dig trenches.

Behind this the regiment, like all others to the left and right, encamped. While the speaker was eating his breakfast, which was brought from the rear, the word was sounded that the "Yankees" were coming. He saw line after line, probably fifteen in number, one behind the other, coming directly toward his regiment. The federal lines were shorter but compact.

Federals Driven Back.

There were not fifteen federals to one Confederate, he said, but they had massed with the intention of breaking through the line. As soon as this came with the same distance the order was given to fire.

"It seemed," he said, "as if we would never get ready, but it probably was but two or three minutes. Coming directly at us they presented a wonderful target. In a few minutes the rear of musketry was like thunder. So fast did we fire that we were soon enveloped in smoke. In a battle where there are movements of the bodies of men the smoke is not such a great factor, but we were still, and it was impossible to see more than six feet to the front."

The order was then given to cease firing, drive the smoke clear, and to clear away the dead. When it did, the sight that met our eyes was terrible. The ground ahead presented the appearance of a field of blue. The federals had been literally butchered. They retreated into a ravine and in a few minutes they attacked again. The result was the same. We fired until the smoke made further firing impossible and when it cleared away the butchery had been repeated.

It is impossible to break through a line of entrenched men, especially where barbed wire or other obstacles are ahead. One reason for this is that the men who are attacking do little or no firing. We

like all I have recited, were safe in rising out of our trenches, taking deliberate aim and killing. The enemy was running forward, one line behind another."

Captain Lindsay told of the loss of two of his fingers. He was in the trench after the second repulse when the assistant adjutant general came up to order artillery fire directed sideways into the ravine occupied by the enemy. Captain Lindsay said that while the officer was talking to him, the officer stood out of the trenches. It was his duty therefore to do the same. He had made hand on his chest when a sharpshooter from the ravine shot with such accuracy that although he missed his chest an inch he caused the loss of two fingers.

N. W. Harris, C. L. Johnson, E. W. Farrant, J. B. Killough and others made short talks. John Moore introduced Mrs. H. J. Ellis, sister-in-law to General N. B. Forrest and "Bill" Forrest, leader of a band of guerrillas, who gave an interesting account of the attempt of Gen. Forrest to retake Memphis. Gen. Forrest, she said, was afraid of nobody on earth except his brother Bill. Upon hearing that the general was talking of attempting to recapture Memphis, Bill Forrest went to Mrs. Ellis' home at Grenada, Miss., and told the general not to do so.

"I have a presentiment that if you do you will get killed, so don't go," Mrs. Ellis said the guerrilla told his brother. "However," said Bill Forrest, "I'm going into the city and get Washburn." Washburn was the federal general. Bill did go in. With his band he rode up to the Gayoso hotel where the general and his staff were staying. He rode into the rotunda and told the clerk to put up his hands. The clerk, not complying rapidly enough, was shot down. Gen. Washburn and his staff ran out of the hotel in night clothes. The people of Memphis were in a panic and the word went round that Forrest is coming. Bill Forrest and his small band, however, left the city immediately.

"In telling Mrs. Ellis about the episode, he said, 'We had a lot of fun. You could have played a game of checkers on Washburn's shirttail as he went through the lobby of the hotel.'

The veterans were invited to attend the historical meetings of the Daughters of the Confederacy.

Little Miss Sarah Willie McCurry read "The Old Confederate Veteran." The little miss touched the heart of every old soldier present by her winsome manner and with the tribute which was paid in the recitation.

Would See Bill Passed.

W. C. Crawford, president of the Associated Advertising Clubs of Texas, left last night for Austin. It is expected that the "fraudulent advertising" bill, which is urged by the Ad clubs of the state, will come up for final action in the house this morning, and indications pointing to its passage, Mr. Crawford wished to be present for the occasion. He was leader in the fight for the proposed measure.

FUTURE BUILDINGS TO BE FIRE-PROOF

GATESVILLE TRAINING SCHOOL COMMITTEE MAKES PLANS FOR NEW STRUCTURES.

WILL REBUILD MACHINERY HALL

Directors Suggest That Temptations Be Removed—Institution Is Well Handled.

All future buildings constructed at the Texas Training School for Boys at Gatesville will be fire-proof if the suggestions of the committee on discipline from the board of directors, in session here yesterday, are followed. There have been two or three fires at the institution within the past two years and the committee believes the construction of all fire-proof buildings in the future will serve to remove the temptation on the part of the boys to set fire to the buildings when they take a spite at the institution or some of the employees.

The machinery hall burned only a few weeks ago, and the committee met that night yesterday, will recommend that it be rebuilt, will recommend that the machinery be removed. The machinery hall was the annual meeting of March 3. It is believed that the two new members, Messrs. West of Johnson county, and Blalock of Cooke county, just named by Governor Ferguson, will be on hand and qualify at that time.

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